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U.S. PATENT APPLICATION

FOR

GOLF BALL WITH TEXTUAL
INSTRUCTIONS POSITIONED THEREON

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FIELD OF THE INVENTION

The present invention relates to the game of golf, and more particularly to improving the golf game of a user using instructional indicia positioned on golf balls.

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BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

Much effort has been made in the history of golf to improve the manner in which golfers perform during the game. Numerous devices and techniques have been developed during such effort. In particular, many techniques have been established that allow a golfer to address and strike a golf ball more effectively. For example, it is preferred that a head of a golfer is kept down when striking a golf ball, the golf ball is struck in a certain area when putting and driving, etc. Normally, these techniques are conveyed by way of videos, instructional manuals, and even by word of mouth.

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A number of attempts have been made to aid the golfer in implementing the foregoing techniques. Often, such attempts involve the positioning of indicia or markings on the golf ball. Examples of such indicia are shown in patents issued to Knight, Devries, Faynes, Yamamoto, Chen, Mook, and Dinh. Each of these prior art



inventions, though good, are deficient in that the marking, by themselves, are often abstract and difficult to utilize without an instruction manual or the like.

U.S. Pat. No. 676,506 to Knight provides a plurality of intersecting lines or
5 stripes around the great circle of the ball which provides a focal point (at point of circumferential intersection) for a golfer to focus his swing and target. In playing the ball, the golfer places one of the intersecting points such that the spot at the intersection is just visible at the back of the ball. This will appear to the golfer to be a v-shaped spot at the back of the ball. The v-shaped spot is aligned with the
10 intended target suggesting where and in what direction the ball should be struck.

U.S. Pat. No. 2,709,595 to DeVries describes a ball having a narrow stripe of contrasting color around the ball's middle (great circle or equatorial circle) for use in putting. This ball is positioned such that the stripe is in line with its intended
15 direction of travel. If a ball is so positioned and is properly putted, the width of the stripe will not increase in appearance as it rolls. If the ball is improperly putted, the apparent width of the stripe will increase in an amount corresponding to the angle of deviation from the line of travel. DeVries further teaches that it is essential that the stripe be relatively narrow in relation to the diameter of the ball or else the illusion
20 of widening will be lost.

U.S. Pat. No. 3,325,168 to Faynes is a training device for driving which includes a ball with diametrically opposed markings on the relative front and back of a ball establishing a diameter through the center of the ball. The ball is of penetrable
25 material and is struck with a club having a protruding needle. The purpose is to strike the ball with the club such that the needle penetrates the respective front and back markings along the established diameter.

U.S. Pat. No. 4,209,172 to Yamamoto discloses a putting training device
30 including a putter and a ball; the ball having two equatorial lines perpendicular to one another encircling the ball with corresponding alignment lines on the putter.

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The purpose is to align the respective lines and smoothly stroke the ball following that alignment.

U.S. Pat. No. 4,441,716 to Chen discloses a golf ball practice aid having grid markings thereon and colored sectional regions on the face of a club to help a golfer determine the exact dimensional orientation of the club face at the moment the ball practice aid is struck. The grid bears a marking conveyed by the club after the ball practice aid has been struck.

U.S. Pat. No. 5,067,719 to Mook discloses a golf ball having three mutually perpendicular equatorial circles; each of a different, primarily, primary color of red, blue, and yellow. At the locations where the circles meet, they do not intersect or overlap, but leave a blank area. The broken circles at these locations point toward each other. The purpose of this ball is to determine the amount and type of spin communicated to the ball after it is struck by color changes detected on the ball in flight and to make corrections to alignment and swing thereby. One of the locations (relative top) is a focal point for a golfer to concentrate when swinging; and another such location (relative back) is the sweet spot where the ball should be struck. The three circles are also used minimally for alignment of the ball to the club and to the target.

U.S. Pat. No. 5,564,707 to Dinh teaches a golf ball and method which includes providing a number of indicators for properly aligning a golf ball, a golfer and a golf club relative to an intended path of travel. The indicators include a ball-travel indicator for alignment with the intended path, a ball-to-ground indicator for positioning the golf ball in relation to the surface on which the ball is positioned, a foot-to-ball indicator for aligning the golfer, and a putter-alignment indicator for properly positioning a striking face of the golf club. In the preferred embodiment, the indicators are stenciled onto the golf ball.

Each of these prior art inventions provide a golf ball or practice aid with abstract indicia for the purpose of improving the manner in which the golf ball is addressed and struck. Such markings in and of themselves, however, do not explain how to utilize the markings, nor offer any additional advice in terms of addressing and striking the ball. The user must therefore refer to an instructional manual or seek advice from an instructor. As such, the golf balls with indicia of the prior art essentially lack utility without accompanying documentation or an instructor.

There is thus a need for golf balls that provide guidance as to the manner in which a golf ball is to be addressed and struck without requiring reference to manuals or the like.

DISCLOSURE OF THE INVENTION

The present invention includes an instructional golf ball including a spherical body having an outer surface with a plurality of dimples formed therein. Situated on the outer surface of the body is instructional indicia. Such instructional indicia include text for providing guidance as to the manner in which a user should play the golf ball during practice or a game. In use, a user might read the instructional indicia while addressing the golf ball, and address and/or strike the golf ball in the manner indicated by the instructional indicia.

In one embodiment of the present invention, the instructional indicia is intended to aid the user in putting the golf ball. In such embodiment, a pair of spaced bands flank an equator of the body of the golf ball. Further, a putt target marking is situated on the equator of the body between the bands. During use, the putt target marking is adapted for indicating a point on the golf ball to be struck when putting, and the bands indicate any spin associated with the golf ball.

In another embodiment of the present invention, the instructional indicia is intended to aid the user in driving the golf ball. Accordingly, a tee marking is situated on the body of the golf ball, and a drive target marking is situated in a hemisphere of the body of the golf ball in which the tee marking is situated. In operation, the tee marking is adapted for indicating a point on the golf ball to be positioned on a tee when driving, and the drive target marking is adapted for indicating a point on the golf ball to be struck.

As an option, feet indicia indicative of feet of the user might be situated on the outer surface of the body. The feet indicia illustrate a proper positioning of the feet of the user in accordance with the text. In addition, arrow indicia might be positioned on the body of the golf ball. Upon positioning the golf ball such that the arrow indicia is situated at an apex of the golf ball and is directed in an intended

direction of motion of the golf ball, the text is visible to a user addressing the golf ball.

These and other advantages of the present invention will become apparent upon
5 reading the following detailed description and studying the various figures of the
drawings.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

The foregoing and other aspects and advantages are better understood from
5 the following detailed description of a preferred embodiment of the invention with
reference to the drawings, in which:

Figure 1A is a top view of a putt golf ball in accordance with one
embodiment of the present invention;

10 Figure 1B is a bottom view of the putt golf ball of Figure 1A in accordance
with one embodiment of the present invention;

15 Figure 2A is a side view of a drive golf ball in accordance with one
embodiment of the present invention;

Figure 2B is a bottom view of the drive golf ball of Figure 2A in accordance
with one embodiment of the present invention;

20 Figures 3A is a top view of one of the general instructional golf balls of the
present invention which indicates "KEEP YOUR HEAD DOWN" in accordance
with one embodiment of the present invention;

25 Figures 3B is a top view of one of the general instructional golf balls of the
present invention which indicates "OPEN STANCE FOR A FADE" in accordance
with one embodiment of the present invention;

30 Figures 3C is a top view of one of the general instructional golf balls of the
present invention which indicates "CLOSE STANCE FOR A DRAW" in
accordance with one embodiment of the present invention; and

Figures 3C is a top view of one of the general instructional golf balls of the present invention which indicates "PLAYBACK IN YOUR STANCE FOR PITCH" in accordance with one embodiment of the present invention.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PREFERRED EMBODIMENTS

Figures 1A-3D illustrate a plurality of golf balls 100 of the present invention
5 each of which has instructional indicia 102 situated thereon. As shown, the golf
balls 100 each include a substantially rigid spherical body 104 having an outer
surface. Such outer surface is equipped with a plurality of semi-spherical dimples
106 formed therein in an equally spaced, symmetric configuration. It should be
noted that the various golf balls 100 of Figures 1A-3D might be provided in
10 combination or separately per the desires of the user.

Figures 1A and 1B are top and side views of a putt golf ball 110 of the
present invention, respectively. As an option, the putt golf ball 110 may have a first
color which is differentiable with respect to the remaining golf balls. As best shown
15 in Figure 1A, the putt golf ball 110 has a pair of spaced bands 112 flanking an
equator of the body 104. Such bands 112 have an equal diameter and are spaced an
equal distance from the equator of the body 104. In an alternate embodiment,
hemispheres of the body 104 defined by the bands 112 may be colored, and a space
between the bands 112 may be colorless or have a different color, thus enhancing the
20 affect of the bands 112 during use. As an option, the bands 112 may be removed all
together in such embodiment.

In addition to the bands 112, a substantially circular putt target marking 114
is situated on the equator of the body 104 between the bands 112. Such putt target
25 marking 114 is equipped with a width no greater than a width of a space defined
between the bands 112. Also included is putting instructional indicia 102 including
text. In one embodiment, the text might state "HIT PUTTER HERE" with an arrow
directed towards the putt target marking 114. It should be noted that the putting
instructional indicia 102 might take the form of any other text that explains the use
30 of the putt target marking 114 and/or the bands 112, or general putting information.

Optionally, the putting instructional indicia 102 may be positioned on an upper hemisphere of the putt golf ball 110 for visibility purposes.

In use, the putt target marking 114 is adapted for indicating a point on the
5 putt golf ball 110 to be struck when putting, as signified by the putting instructional indicia 102. After the putt golf ball 110 has been struck, the bands 112 indicate any spin associated with the putt golf ball 110.

Figures 2A and 2B are side and bottom views of a drive golf ball 202 of the
10 present invention, respectively. Similar to the putt golf ball 110, the drive golf ball 202 might exhibit a second color which is differentiable with respect to the remaining golf balls.

As best shown in Figure 2B, a substantially circular tee marking 204 is
15 situated on the body 104 of the drive golf ball 202. Further, a substantially circular drive target marking 206 is situated in a hemisphere of the body 104 of the drive golf ball 202 in which the tee marking 204 is situated. In one embodiment, the drive target marking 206 forms an angle of between 30 and 60 degrees with a center of the body 104 of the drive golf ball 202 and the tee marking 204.
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The drive golf ball 202 is equipped with driving instructional indicia 102 including text that identifies the drive target marking 206 as where the user should strike the drive golf ball 202 while driving. In one embodiment, the text might state "HIT HERE WITH DRIVER" with an arrow directed towards the drive target marking 206. It should be noted that the driving instructional indicia 102 might take the form of any other text that explains the use of drive target marking 206 and/or tee marking 204, or general driving information. Optionally, the driving instructional indicia 102 may be positioned on an upper hemisphere of the drive golf ball 202 for visibility purposes.
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In use, the tee marking 204 is adapted for indicating a point on the drive golf ball 202 to be positioned on a tee when driving. Further, the drive target marking 206 is adapted for indicating a point on the drive golf ball 202 to be struck, as signified by the driving instructional indicia 102.

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With reference now to Figures 3A-3D, the golf balls 100 are shown to include a plurality of general instruction golf balls 300 having different colors, and each having general instructional indicia 102. Such general instructional indicia 102 includes text including, but not limited to "KEEP YOUR HEAD DOWN", "OPEN STANCE FOR A FADE", "CLOSE STANCE FOR A DRAW", "PLAYBACK IN YOUR STANCE FOR PITCH," etc. Note Figures 3A, 3B, 3C and 3D, respectively. Further examples include "FLEX KNEES", "WATCH BALL", "WAGGLE", "READ THE BREAK", "SPEED KILLS", "WARM UP", "STEADY HEAD", "ALWAYS TEE-UP", etc. It should be noted that the text might include any text 10 15 that relates to instructing a golfer regarding the play of golf.

In various alternate embodiments, the instructional indicia 102 may include text that falls within various categories all of which instruct a golfer regarding the play of golf. For example, such categories may include a fun category, a "swing thoughts" category, an etiquette category, or any other category. Examples of text 20 within the fun category may include "FORE", "BE POSITIVE", "KEEP SENSE OF HUMOR", "HAVE FUN", "TAKE LESSONS", "ONLY BET WHAT YOU CAN LOSE", "NEVER GIVE UP", "DO NOT GIVE YOUR SPOUSE LESSONS", etc. Examples of text within the "swing thoughts" category may include "FOLLOW 25 THROUGH", "SWING SMOOTHLY", "BE POSITIVE", etc. Examples of text within the etiquette category may include "BE HONEST", "DO NOT MOAN", "BUNKERS, NOT STANDTRAPS", "PLAY QUICKLY", "PLAY READY GOLF" etc.

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In addition to the text, feet indicia 352 indicative of feet of the user might be situated on the outer surface of the body. The feet indicia 352 illustrates a proper

positioning of the feet of the user in accordance with the text. Further indicia may also be included which indicates a proper location of a ball with respect to the feet of the user. Note Figure 3D.

5 As shown in Figures 1A-3D, the golf balls of the present invention each include arrow indicia 350 positioned thereon. Upon positioning the golf ball such that the arrow indicia 350 is situated at an apex of the golf ball and directed in an intended direction of motion of the golf ball, the instructional indicia 102 is visible to a user addressing the golf ball. This ensures that the instructional indicia 102 are
10 readily observable, and feasibly read from right to left when addressing the golf ball.

In one example of use, a user may select one of the golf balls 100 of the present invention based on whether the user is putting, driving, etc. In the alternative, the user may simply select one of the general instruction golf balls 300.

15 In the present example wherein the user is putting, the putt golf ball 110 is selected. The putt golf ball 110 is first situated on the green such that the arrow indicia 350 is positioned at an apex of the putt golf ball 110 and directed in an intended direction of motion, i.e. towards the hole or along a target line to account for any break in the putting surface.

20 With the arrow indicia 350 in such position, the putting instructional indicia 102 is clearly readable from left to right while the user addresses the putt golf ball 110. It should be noted that the putting instructional indicia 102 may also be read prior to positioning the putt golf ball 110 on the green. The putting instructional indicia 102 are thus readily apparent and act as a reminder at the instant when it matters the most, during the putt.

25 While various embodiments have been described above, it should be understood that they have been presented by way of example only, and not limitation. Thus, the breadth and scope of a preferred embodiment should not be

limited by any of the above described exemplary embodiments, but should be defined only in accordance with the following claims and their equivalents.